Naval Divisions, commanded by Reserve officers, provide both basic and specialized training for officers and men of the RCN Reserve. The Great Lakes Training Centre at Hamilton conducts new-entry reserve training afloat during the summer months.

Royal Canadian Sea Cadets.—Royal Canadian Sea Cadets, sponsored by the Navy League of Canada and supported by the RCN, consist of 164 authorized corps. These are divided into seven Sea Cadet areas, supervised by 16 naval officers responsible to the Commanding Officer Naval Divisions. Instruction is carried out by RCSCC officers. Two RCSCC training establishments—Acadia on the East Coast and Quadra on the West Coast—accommodate officers and cadets for two-week training periods in the summer. In addition, selected Sea Cadets received seven-week training courses at naval establishments. Sea experience is provided for Cadets throughout the year in various types of ships of the RCN. In March 1963 the strength of the Corps was 1,114 Sea Cadet officers and 10,588 Sea Cadets.

Subsection 2.—The Canadian Army

Organization.—Army Headquarters at Ottawa is organized into four separate Branches. The General Staff Branch deals with all matters affecting the fighting efficiency of the Army, the Adjutant-General Branch deals with all problems affecting the soldier as an individual, the Quartermaster-General Branch is responsible for supply and the Comptroller-General Branch is responsible for financial management. The senior appointment at Army Headquarters is the Chief of the General Staff who, through the Heads of the four Branches, directs all activities of the Canadian Army. For command and control, Canada is divided into Commands and Areas with Headquarters as follows:—

$\frac{Command}{}$	Headquarters	Area and Headquarters
Eastern Command	Halifax, N.S(1)	New Brunswick Area, Fredericton, N.B.
	(2)	Newfoundland Area, St. John's, Nfld.
	(3)	Nova Scotia-Prince Edward Island Area, Halifax, N.S.
Quebec Command	Montreal, Que(4)	Eastern Quebec Area, Quebec, Que.
Central Command	Oakville, Ont(5)	Eastern Ontario Area, Kingston, Ont.
	(6)	Central Ontario Area, Oakville, Ont.
	(7)	Western Ontario Area, London, Ont.
Western Command	Edmonton, Alta(8)	British Columbia Area, Vancouver, B.C.
	(9)	Alberta Area, Edmonton, Alta.
	(10)	Saskatchewan Area, Regina, Sask.
	(11)	Manitoba Area, Winnipeg, Man.

The Canadian Army (Regular) consists of a field force of four Infantry Brigade Groups, headquarters and administrative, training and logistic support units. One of the Infantry Brigade Groups is in Europe with the NATO Force and is under command of the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe. The Reserves include the Canadian Army (Militia), the Regular Reserve, the Supplementary Reserve, the Canadian Officers' Training Corps, the Cadet Services of Canada and the Reserve Militia. Additional to but not an integral part of the Canadian Army are the Services Colleges, officially authorized cadet corps, rifle associations and clubs.

The strength of the Canadian Army (Regular) at Mar. 31, 1963 was 49,760 officers and men and the strength of the Canadian Army (Militia) was 53,872, including personnel taking the special militia training courses.

Operations in 1962.—In fulfilment of military obligations under the North Atlantic Treaty, Canada has continued to provide ground forces for the defence of Western Europe.